SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

GHS product identifier	STEEL-IT #1002B Polyurethane (aerosol)
(M)SDS number	SDS-1002b-NA
Version #	01
Issue date	03-01-2012
CAS #	Mixture
Recommended use	Not available.
Recommended Restrictions	Not available.
Manufacturer information	Stainless Steel Coatings, Inc 835 Sterling Road South Lancaster, MA, 01561 Contact person: CHEMTREC sds@steel-it.com

(978) 365-9828

2. Hazards identification

GHS classification		
Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (Kidney, Lung)
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3

GHS label elements



Hazard statement	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Extremely flammable aerosol. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you fell unwell.
Storage	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.
Specific hazards	Overexposure to mists/vapors of this product may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, and respiratory tract irritation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Components	CAS #	Percent	
Propane	74-98-6	12-18	_

Acetone	67-64-1	10-16
4-Chloroalpha.,.alpha.,.alphatrifluorotoluene	98-56-6	10-15
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	10-15
Butane	106-97-8	8-14
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	3-5
Chromium	7440-47-3	2 - 3
Distillates, (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	1-2
Nickel	7440-02-0	1-2
Xylene	1330-20-7	<1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<0.1
Quartz	14808-60-7	<0.1

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First aid measures

First aid procedures	
Inhalation	If symptomatic, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Skin	Wash area with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Еуе	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Get medical attention if any discomfort occurs.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sensitization. Skin irritation. Upper respiratory tract irritation. Headaches, dizziness and nausea.
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Carbon dioxide (CO2). Foam. Dry chemical. Water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable protective clothing. See Section 8 of the MSDS for Personal Protective Equipment.
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.
Methods for containment	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.
Methods for cleaning up	Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.
	Small Liquid Spills: Absorb up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material.
	Following product recovery, flush area with water. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
7. Handling and storage	
Handling	Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid inhalation of aerosols. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Storage	Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Store in closed original container at room temperature. Store away from incompatible materials.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Components	Values Type	Value	Form
Acetone (67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
Acetone (07-04-1)	TWA	500 ppm	
Butane (106-97-8)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Chromium (7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Nickel (7440-02-0) Propane (74-98-6)	TWA TWA	1.5 mg/m3 1000 ppm	Inhalable fraction.
Quartz (14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Stoddard solvent (8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
Xylene (1330-20-7)	STEL TWA	150 ppm 100 ppm	
ecommended monitoring rocedures	Follow standard monitoring procedures.		
ngineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupati inhalation of vapors.	onal Exposure Limits	and minimize the risk of
ersonal protective equipment			
Eye/face protection	Use approved safety goggles or face shield.		
Skin protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to chemical resistant gloves are recommended.	prevent any possibilit	y of skin contact. Nitrile
Respiratory protection	In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. In case of inadequate ventilation or when the product is heated, use suitable respiratory equipment with gas filter for organic gas.		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Nitr be recommended by the glove supplier.	ile gloves are recomr	mended. Suitable gloves can
. Physical and chemical p	properties		
ppearance	Aerosol- Pressurized Liquid.		
hysical state	Liquid.		
olor	Silver.		
orm	Spray.		
dor	Characteristic of solvents.		
dor threshold			
	No data available		
H Ialting point/Excering point	Not established.		
lelting point/Freezing point	Not established.		
oiling point	-0.4 - 350.6 °F (-18 - 177 °C)		
lash point	< 137 °F (< 58.3 °C) (Propellant)		
vaporation rate	Faster than ether (butyl acetate = 1)		
lammability (solid, gas)	No data available.		
lammability limits in air, lower, b by volume	2 %		
lammability limits in air, upper, b by volume	, 10 %		
apor pressure	< 0.48 mPa (at 10 °C/ 70°F)		
apor density	> 1 (Air = 1)		
elative density	0.849 (at 15°C/ 60°F)		
olubility (H2O)	No data available		
artition coefficient	Not available.		
n-octanol/water)			
uto-ignition temperature	Not available.		
ecomposition temperature	Not established.		
iscosity	No data available		

43.28 % Test Method: Product Formulation Data

VOC (Weight %)

Bulk density	Not Applicable.
Percent volatile	No data available

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, sparks, flames. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Metal oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Toxicological data Components		Test Results
Butane (106-97-8)		Acute Inhalation LC50 Mouse: 680 mg/l 2 Hours
Xylene (1330-20-7)		Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat: 658 mg/l 4 Hours Acute Oral LD50 Rat: 4300 mg/kg
Acetone (67-64-1)		Acute Dermal LD50 Rabbit: 20000 mg/kg
Propane (74-98-6)		Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat: 50 mg/l 8 Hours Acute Oral LD50 Rat: 5800 mg/kg Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat: > 1442.847 mg/l 15 Minutes
Routes of exposure	Eye contact. Inhalation. Skin	contact.
Toxicological information	Occupational exposure to the	e substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.
Acute toxicity	Overexposure to mists/vapo respiratory tract irritation. Ca	rs of this product may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, and uses skin and eye irritation.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation	l.
Respiratory sensitization	None known.	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin re	eaction.
Mutagenicity	There is no data to indicate t	that any component present at greater than 0.1% may present a risk.
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cance	r.
ACGIH Carcinogens		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Chromium (CAS 7440-4 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100	17-3))-41-4)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Quartz (CAS 14808-60- Solvent naphtha (petrol 64742-88-7)		A5 Not suspected as a human carcinogen. A2 Suspected human carcinogen. A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) I Evaluation of Carcinogenicit	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. y
Chromium (CAS 7440-4 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100 Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Quartz (CAS 14808-60- Solvent naphtha (petrol 64742-88-7) Stoddard solvent (CAS)-41-4) 7) eum), medium aliph. (CAS	 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 1 Carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7 Specific target organ	')	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. t and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
toxicity - single exposure		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to the fo system.	Ilowing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Respiratory
Teratogenicity	There is no data to indicate t	that any component present at greater than 0.1% may present a risk.
Symptoms		act may dry skin and cause irritation. Sensitization. Skin irritation. ion. Headaches, dizziness and nausea.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicological data Components

Components	Test Results
Xylene (1330-20-7)	LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 8 mg/l 96 Hours
Acetone (67-64-1)	LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas): > 100 mg/l 96 hours
Ecotoxicity	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Persistence / degradability	No data available.
Bioaccumulation	No data available.
Mobility	No data available.
Other adverse effects	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	Must be incinerated in a suitable incineration plant holding a permit delivered by the competent authorities. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

ADR	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2
Subsidiary class(es)	-
Environmental hazards	No
Tunnel restriction code	D
Labels required	2.2
Special precautions for user	Not available.
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Subsidiary class(es)	-
Environmental hazards	No
Labels required	2.2
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Not available.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2
Subsidiary class(es)	5T
Marine pollutant	No
Special precautions for user	Not available.
RID	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2
Subsidiary class(es)	-
Environmental hazards	No
Labels required	2.2
Special precautions for user	Not available.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	No information available.
the IBC Code	

15. Regulatory information

Inventory status

Country(s) or region	Inventory name On inventory	(yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)		

16. Other information

Disclaimer	The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.
Revision date	03-02-2012